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Arc Overview

In this set of related math tasks, 1st Grade students will build on their understanding of place value that began in Kindergarten in order to add and subtract within 100. Because operations with numbers such as tens and hundreds make for simple calculations, place value plays a critical role throughout the grades in the development of computation strategies.

The Arc Preview table on page 4 provides all of the task questions contained in this arc. The tasks are aligned to standards 1.NBT.C.4, 1.NBT.C.5, and 1.NBT.C.6.

- Tasks 1-3 will develop the concept of adding within 100, progressing from a single digit number and a two-digit number to 2 two-digit numbers.
- Task 4 will *solidify* understanding of adding within 100.
- Task 5 will explore mentally adding or subtracting 10 from a two-digit number.
- Task 6 will develop subtracting a multiple of 10 from a multiple of 10, within 100.
- Task 7 will solidify understanding of adding and subtracting multiples of 10 within 100.

Note that the some of the Essential Understandings listed in each task were modified from those contained in Pearson's EnVision Math series. Others were taken from NCTM's Developing Essential Understanding series. Tennessee State Mathematics Standards were retrieved from http://www.tn.gov/education/standards/math.shtml.

By the end of these seven tasks, students will be able to answer the following overarching questions:

- When is it necessary to compose a ten when adding?
- How can you find ten more and ten less than a two-digit number mentally?
- Can you describe the process of adding any two-digit number?
- What changes take place in a two-digit number when subtracting a multiple of 10?
- How do we use equations to represent addition and subtraction?
- What is the relationship between addition and subtraction?
- How do you use addition (subtraction) to check your work on subtraction (addition)?

The assessing questions, advancing questions, and whole group questions provided in this guide will ensure that students are working in ways aligned to the Standards for Mathematical Practice. Although the students will not be aware that this is occurring, the teacher can guide the process so that each MP (Mathematical Practice) is covered through good explanations, understanding of context, and clarification of reasoning behind solutions.

Arc Preview

Task 1: Lunch Menu

- On Monday the second grade class of Lakeview Elementary is taking a trip to the drama center. Fifty-two students chose a school lunch. Six more students bring a lunch from home.
 - How many second grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct.
- 2. On Tuesday the third grade class will take a trip. Sixty-four students chose a school lunch. Seven more students bring a lunch from home.
 - a) How many third grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct.
 - b) Did a change take place in the tens place value when you solved part a? If so, explain why.

Goals for Task 1:

- Add a two-digit number and a one-digit number using strategies based on place value.
- Write an addition number sentence.
- Compose a ten when adding two numbers.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 1:

1.NBT.C.4

Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.

Task 2: Dollywood Trip

Tonia is going on a trip to Dollywood in 3 months and wants to earn extra money. She already has \$38. She will earn a \$10 allowance every month for doing chores.

- a) How much money can she earn for the trip?
- b) Her brother, Thomas, claims she will have \$48 to take on the trip. Tonia claims she will have \$68 for the trip. Who is correct? Explain using words, base ten blocks, or number sentences to show your work.

Goals for Task 2:

- Represent and solve addition problems within 100.
- Add a two-digit number and a multiple of 10.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 2:

1.NBT.C.4

Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction:

relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding twodigit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.

Task 3: Crayon Box

Mrs. Shrum places 49 crayons on the art table for the class to use. Next, she opens a box of 16 crayons. Jessie claims there are 55 crayons altogether. Luis claims there are 65 crayons.

- a) Who is correct? Use pictures, numbers, or words to explain.
- b) What mistake did the other student make in solving for the total?

Goals for Task 3:

- Represent and solve addition problems within 100.
- Compose a 10 when adding two numbers.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 3:

1.NBT.C.4

Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.

Task 4: Hardware Store

Solidifying Task







\$48

\$26

Thomas would like to buy two items from Winningham's Hardware Store. He is not allowed to spend more than \$75 dollars.

- a) Which two items can Thomas buy? Show your work to support your answer.
- b) Are there two items that would cost exactly \$90? Explain your answer using words or numbers..

Goals for Task 4:

- Add a two-digit number and a multiple of 10 using the relationship of addition and subtraction.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 4:

1.NBT.C.4

Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.

Task 5: Fun With Tens

1. Jackson found 78 Easter eggs during the hunt. Jackson collected 10 more to fill his basket to the top. How many eggs did he find? Write an equation and explain how you solved the problem.

2.

a) Complete this section of a hundred chart:

	45	
54	55	

- b) What number is 10 less than the smallest number on the chart?
- c) What number is 10 more than the largest number on the chart?

Goals for Task 5:

- Use mental arithmetic to find 10 more and 10 less of a two-digit number.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 5:

1.NBT.C.5

Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used.

Task 6: Valentine Cookies

Sofia is planning for her Valentine's Day Party. She and her friends need 60 cookies for the party. Only 3 friends come to help her bake. Each person will bake 10 cookies.

- a) How many cookies will get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.
- b) How many cookies will not get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.

Goals for Task 6:

- Subtract multiplies of 10 from multiples of 10 within 100.
- Write equations to represent math problems involving addition and/or subtraction.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 6: 1.NBT.C.6

Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.

Task 7: Pencil Task

Solidifying Task

Hunter has 80¢ to spend on pencils. Each pencil costs 10¢.

- a) If Hunter buys 1 pencil, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.
- b) Write an equation to show how could you check your answer for part a).
- c) If Hunter buys 5 more pencils, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.
- d) Taylor wants to buy one of the 6 pencils Hunter just bought. If he sells it to her for 10¢, how much money will he have?

Goals for Task 7:

- Use mental arithmetic to find 10 more and 10 less of a two-digit number.
- Subtract multiplies of 10 from multiples of 10 within 100.
- Write equations to represent math problems involving addition and/or subtraction.
- Explain mathematical reasoning.

Standards for Task 7:

1.NBT.C.5

Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used.

1.NBT.C.6

Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.

Tasks' Standards Alignment

Task	1.NBT.C.4	1.NBT.C.5	1.NBT.C.6	MP 1	MP 2	MP 3	MP 4	MP 5	MP 6	MP 7	MP 8
Task 1 Lunch Menu	~			~	~	~	~		~	~	
Task 2 Dollywood Trip	~			~	~	~	~		~	~	~
Task 3 Crayon Box	~			~	~	~	~		~	~	
Task 4 Hardware Store Solidifying Understanding	•			~	•	•	•		•	•	V
Task 5 Fun with Tens		~		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Task 6 Valentine Cookies			~	~	~	~	~		~		~
Task 7 Pencil Task Solidifying Understanding		•	~	~	•	•	•		•		V

The Standards for Mathematical Practice

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Name					

Task 1: Lunch Menu

1. On Monday the second grade class of Lakeview Elementary is taking a trip to the drama center. Fifty-two students chose a school lunch. Six more students bring a lunch from home.

How many second grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct.

- 2. On Tuesday the third grade class will take a trip. Sixty-four students chose a school lunch. Seven more students bring a lunch from home.
 - a) How many third grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct?

b) Did a change take place in the tens place value when you solved part a? If so, explain why.

Task 1 9

Department of Education: Lesson Guide 1

1st Grade Task 1: Lunch Menu

- 1. On Monday the second grade class of Lakeview Elementary is taking a trip to the drama center. Fifty-two students chose a school lunch. Six more students bring a lunch from home. How many second grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct.
- 2. On Tuesday the third grade class will take a trip. Sixty-four students chose a school lunch. Seven more students bring a lunch from home.
 - a) How many third grade students will be eating lunch? Write a number sentence and explain how you know it is correct.
 - b) Did a change take place in the tens place value when you solved part a? If so, explain why.

Teacher Notes:

The term "number sentence" has been used intentionally in Task 1 of this arc with the goal to move students to use the term "equation" by the end of the arc. Teachers should facilitate this by interchanging the two terms during class discussions.

Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical
Content	Practice
1.NBT.C.4 Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.	 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Model with mathematics. Use appropriate tools strategically. Attend to precision. Look for and make use of structure. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Essential Understandings:

- When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.
- Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

Explore Phase							
Possible Solution Paths	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
1. Students write 52 + 6 = 58. Student work may include tally marks, base ten blocks, number line, hundred chart, and drawings.	 Assessing Questions: Can you explain your work to another student? How did you know to add six? Can you explain why you wrote this number sentence? Advancing Questions: How many second grade students buy school lunch on Monday? How many students bring a lunch from home? How can you combine those two numbers? Can you tell me about the value of 5 in the number 52? 						

Task 1 10

	Assessing Questions:
	Can you explain your work to me?
	How did you know to regroup the tens?
	How would the equation change if 5 students
2a) Students write 64+7=71.	brought lunches from home?
Tay stadents write 5 117 7 11	Advancing Questions:
Student work may include tally marks, base ten	How many third grade students buy school lunch
blocks, number line, hundred chart, and drawings.	on Tuesday?
	 How many students bring a lunch from home?
	How can you combine those two numbers?
	Can you tell me about the value of 6 in the
	number 64?
	Assessing Questions:
	Can you explain your reasoning to me?
	 Is there a way to check your answer?
	How would you explain this to a friend that
	doesn't understand?
2b) Students will need to correctly state that there	Advancing Questions:
was a change in the tens place.	How many students bought school lunch on
	Tuesday? Can you tell me what digit is in the tens
Students' explanations should include the fact that	place?
when combining the ones the total was larger than	Can you model this number with base ten
10, necessitating the tens place to change from "5" to "6".	blocks?
	If you add seven more units to this number, how
	many unit blocks will you have? How can you
	regroup those blocks?
	After regrouping, how many rods are in your
	number?
Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions
	Can you model 64 with base ten blocks?
2a) and 2b) Students fail to regroup correctly or	If you add seven more units to this number, how
even recognize the need for regrouping.	many unit blocks will you have?
	How can you regroup those blocks?
	After regrouping, how many rods are in your
	number?
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions
	What is the problem asking?
	Can you model the numbers and solve the
	problem using base ten blocks?
If students can't get started	How many second grade students buy school
	lunch on Monday?
	 How many students bring a lunch from home?
	How can you combine those two numbers?
	How can you compare the sums of Monday and
If students finish early	Tuesday?
	If the two numbers added were in a different

Task 1 11

		order, how would the answer change?Can you write about what you have learned today?
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Whole Group Questions

When adding two digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.

- When adding 52 and 6, which two digits did you add together? In your resulting answer, did you your tens place change?
- When adding 64 and 7, which digits did you add together first? In your resulting answer, did you your tens place change?
- Can you describe the process for adding any 2 two-digit numbers?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of
possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies
used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.

Task 1 12

Name										

Task 2: Dollywood Trip

Tonia is going on a trip to Dollywood in 3 months and wants to earn extra money. She already has \$38. She will earn a \$10 allowance every month for doing chores.

a) How much money can she earn for the trip?

b) Her brother, Thomas, claims she will have \$48 to take on the trip. Tonia claims she will have \$68 for the trip. Who is correct? Explain using words, base ten blocks, or number sentences to show your work.

Task 2 13

Tennessee Department of Education: Lesson Guide 2

Task 2: Dollywood Trip

Tonia is going on a trip to Dollywood in 3 months and wants to earn extra money. She already has \$38. She will earn a \$10 allowance every month for doing chores.

- a) How much money can she earn for the trip?
- b) Her brother, Thomas, claims she will have \$48 to take on the trip. Tonia claims she will have \$68 for the trip. Who is correct? Explain using words, base ten blocks, or number sentences to show your work.

Teacher Notes:

Some students may need an explanation of the words "chores" and "allowance" to gain a better understanding of the problem.

 1.NBT.C.4 Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Model with mathematics. Use appropriate tools strategically. Attend to precision. Look for and make use of structure. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. 	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Content	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Practice
Constitution I landouston divers	digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.	 solving them. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Model with mathematics. Use appropriate tools strategically. Attend to precision. Look for and make use of structure.

Essential Understandings:

- When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.

 Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations. 							
Explore Phase							
Possible Solution Paths	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
a) Students should find that \$30 can be earned for the trip. Students' work may include a number sentence, skip counting, or a base ten block model.	 Assessing Questions: How do you know Tonia can earn \$30 for her trip? Can you explain your work to another student? Advancing Questions: How could you represent this problem with base ten blocks? How much can she save each month in allowance? How many months is Tonia working? How can you quickly add tens? Can you explain the pattern from month to month? Can you extend the pattern to show a total for 5 months? 						
	• What math symbol could you use to show how to put these numbers in a math sentence?						
b) Students should state that Tonia is correct.	Assessing Questions:						
2, stadente sinodia state tilat roma is confect.	Why did you decide to add \$30 and \$38?						
Possible explanations include that the 3 months	Can you write a number sentence for the total						

Task 2 14

earnings total \$30, so combining this amount with	amount of money Tonia will have for her trip?
the \$38 Tonia started with, the new total is \$68.	Can you explain what each number in the
400 400 400	number sentence represents?
\$30+\$38=\$68	Advancing Questions:
OR	 How much money does Tonia start with?
\$10+\$10+\$10+\$38=\$68	• From part a), how much allowance can she save?
	How would you combine those values to see how
Since Thomas said she would have \$48, he is	much money she would have?
incorrect.	What math symbol could you use to show how
	to put these numbers in a math sentence?
Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions
a) Students claim that the total amount earned is	Is your total reasonable for 1 month?
\$10, not recognizing that this amount is earned for	Is your total reasonable for 3 months?
each of the 3 months (\$10+\$10+\$10=\$30).	How can you draw or use manipulatives to show
	an amount for each month?
Note that this would result in an error in part b) of	What does the \$38 represent in the problem?
students solving by adding \$38 and \$10 for the total	What does the \$10 represent in the problem?
of \$48.	How many months does Tonia earn money?
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions
	What is the problem asking?
	What does the \$10 represent in the problem?
	How many months does Tonia earn money?
	 What does the \$38 represent?
If students can't get started	What math symbol could you use to show how
	to put these numbers in a math sentence?
	Can you model the numbers and solve the
	problem using drawings, hundred chart, or base
	ten blocks?
	Can you use a different strategy to show how
	much money she will have for the trip?
If students finish early	Can you use math symbols to compare Thomas's
If students finish early	and Tonia's totals?
	How much money would she have for her trip if
	she had five months?
Discuss/Analyze	

Whole Group Questions

When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.

- Can you explain why the digit in the ones place didn't change?
- When adding 38 and 30, which two digits did you add together? In your resulting answer, did you your ones place change?
- Can you describe the process for adding any 2 two-digit numbers?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- What are some different equations that can represent the total in this problem?

Task 2 15

Name			

Task 3: Crayon Box

Mrs. Shrum places 49 crayons on the art table for the class to use. Next, she opens a box of 16 crayons. Jessie claims there are 55 crayons altogether. Luis claims there are 65 crayons.

a) Who is correct? Use pictures, numbers, or words to explain.

b) What mistake did the other student make in solving for the total?

Task 3 16

Tennessee Department of Education: Lesson Guide 3

Task 3: Crayon Box 1st Grade

Mrs. Shrum places 49 crayons on the art table for the class to use. Next, she opens a box of 16 crayons. Jessie claims there are 55 crayons altogether. Luis claims there are 65 crayons.

- a) Who is correct? Use pictures, numbers, or words to explain.
- b) What mistake did the other student make in solving for the total?

Teacher Notes:

Encourage students to write an addition equation to show the mistake in part b.

Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Content Practice 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in **1.NBT.C.4** Add within 100, including adding a twosolving them. digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the models or drawings and strategies based on place reasoning of others. value, properties of operations, and/or the 4. Model with mathematics. relationship between addition and subtraction; relate 5. Use appropriate tools strategically. the strategy to a written method and explain the 6. Attend to precision. reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit 7. Look for and make use of structure. numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten. reasoning.

Essential Understandings:

- When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.
- Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or operations.

iviathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or operations.				
Explore Phase				
Possible Solution Paths	Assessing and Advancing Questions			
	Assessing Questions:			
	Can you explain your work to another student?			
	How did you know when to regroup?			
	Why did you use this strategy?			
	How did you know to use addition?			
a) Students note that Luis is correct.	Advancing Questions:			
	How many crayons were on the table? Can you			
Students' explanations should include the use of	model this number with a drawing?			
pictures, numbers, or words to show the total	How many more crayons did the teacher put on			
number of crayons to be 65, Luis' answer. For	the table? Can you draw those additional			
example, a drawing of a group of 16 added to a	crayons?			
group of 49, for a total of 65.	How many total crayons are on the table in your			
	drawing?			
	Is there another way to group these numbers to			
	show the same amount?			
	Can you write the number sentence used to find			
	the total number of crayons?			
b) Students use pictures, numbers, or words to show	Assessing Questions:			
that Jessie did not compose a ten correctly, only	What is the difference in Luis's answer and			
added the ones column, perhaps even noting there	Jessie's answer?			
was an additional ten created when doing so, but	Can you explain your work to another student to			

Task 3 17

failing to include that ten in the total, making 55	show how you solved for the total?				
instead of 65.	Advancing Questions:				
	When you add the ones, how many ones do you				
	have? Are there enough to compose a 10?				
	Would the total change if the numbers were 50				
	and 15?				
Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions				
	How many ones do you need to regroup?				
Students de not have a clear understanding of the	How could you model this problem?				
Students do not have a clear understanding of the	Does it make sense to only have 55 when a box				
structure of the number system, resulting in addition	of 16 was added to the 49 you already have?				
errors.	Can you explain how the number 55 changes				
	when you add 1? When you add 10?				
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions				
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing QuestionsWhat does the 49 represent in the problem?				
Entry/Extensions					
Entry/Extensions	What does the 49 represent in the problem?				
	What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks?				
If students can't get started	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can 				
	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? 				
	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How 				
	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How many units do you have? Can you regroup your 				
	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How many units do you have? Can you regroup your units in a different way? 				
If students can't get started	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How many units do you have? Can you regroup your units in a different way? How many total base ten blocks do you have? 				
	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How many units do you have? Can you regroup your units in a different way? How many total base ten blocks do you have? If you add another box of 16 crayons, how many 				
If students can't get started	 What does the 49 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? What does the 16 represent in the problem? Can you model that with base ten blocks? Can you combine your base ten blocks? How many units do you have? Can you regroup your units in a different way? How many total base ten blocks do you have? If you add another box of 16 crayons, how many would you have? 				

Whole Group Questions

When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.

- What is the value of each digit in the numbers in this problem?
- Did anyone decompose/break apart the numbers to solve this problem? If so, how?
- When adding 49 and 16, which two digits did you add together first? What did you do when you got 15 ones?
- When adding the tens places, how did you get 6 tens?
- Can you describe a process for adding any 2 two-digit numbers?
- What would happen if the tens were added before the ones?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- Can you write the number sentence used to find the total number of crayons?

Task 3 18

Task 4: Hardware Store

Thomas would like to buy two items from Winningham's Hardware Store. He is not allowed to spend more than \$75.







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a) Which two items can Thomas buy? Show your work to support your answer.

b) Are there two items that would cost exactly \$90? Explain your answer using words or numbers.

Task 4

Tennessee Department of Education: Lesson Guide 4

Task 4: Hardware Store 1st Grade

Thomas would like to buy two items from Winningham's Hardware Store. He is not allowed to spend more than \$75 dollars.







a) Which two items can Thomas buy? Show your work to support your answer.

\$54

\$26

\$48

b) Are there two items that would cost exactly \$90? Explain your answer using words or numbers.

Teacher Notes:

A brief review of money should take place prior to this task, emphasizing that the dollar sign does not change place value.

Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical Content Practice 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in 1.NBT.C.4 Add within 100, including adding a twosolving them. digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the models or drawings and strategies based on place reasoning of others. value, properties of operations, and/or the 4. Model with mathematics. relationship between addition and subtraction; relate 5. Use appropriate tools strategically. the strategy to a written method and explain the 6. Attend to precision. reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit 7. Look for and make use of structure. numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten. reasoning.

Essential Understandings:

- When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.
- Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

essing and Advancing Questions
essing and Advancing Questions
<u> </u>
What did you have to do to find out what he could afford to buy? Is this the only combination of items that will work? Could you write equations for the combinations of items? Vancing Questions: How much money can you spend? How can you find out which two items you can buy without spending more than \$75? Did Thomas have enough money to buy binoculars and a watering can? Can you check other combinations?

Task 4 20

b) Students create combinations using words or numbers of two items to show that there is no way to spend exactly \$90. When putting two items together, you either spend less than \$90 or more than \$90, and the only time you have a sum ending in 0 is when the total is \$80.

Possible Student Misconceptions

Assessing Questions:

- What steps were necessary to solve this part?
- Could you write equations for the combinations of items?

Advancing Questions:

- Does it cost \$90 to buy binoculars and a watering can? Can you check other combinations?
- How do you know you have all the combinations?

Students do not regroup, which could lead them to say that Thomas could buy the watering can and binoculars, i.e., make the following error: \$54 or \$54 + \$26=\$70

Assessing and Advancing Questions

- Which digits should you add first?
- Since we had 6 ones and 4 ones, how can the ones places total zero?
- What is the sum of the ones?
- When using base ten blocks, how can you make a trade when you have ten ones? Can you model this with base ten blocks?
- What are the values of the 5 and 2 in the problem?
- What is the sum of 50 and 20?

the watering can?

	• What is the sum of 50 and 20?				
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions				
If students can't get started	 What is something you know about the problem? Can you model the value of each item using base ten blocks? Which operation would help you to solve parts a) and b)? 				
If students finish early	 How much money would you need to buy all 3 items? Can you give me how you would use subtraction to show how much more the hard hat costs than 				

Discuss/Analyze

\$26

\$70

Whole Group Questions

When adding two-digit numbers, a strong understanding of place value is fundamental.

- How did you add \$54 and \$48? Did anyone do it differently?
- When adding the tens places, how did you get 10 tens?
- How did adding the ones place affect the tens place?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- What are some different equations that can represent the total in this problem?
- What were some different strategies used to find the totals of the items?

Task 4 21

Name													

Task 5: Fun with Tens

1. Jackso	on found 78 Easter eggs duri	ing the hunt. Jacks	on collected 10 mo	re to fill his bas	ket to
the top.	How many eggs did he find	? Write an equation	n and explain how	you solved the p	problem.

2.

a) Complete this section of a hundred chart:

	45	
54	55	

- b) What number is 10 less than the smallest number on the chart?
- c) What number is 10 more than the largest number on the chart?

Task 5: Fun with Tens 1st Grade

1. Jackson found 78 Easter eggs during the hunt. Jackson collected 10 more to fill his basket to the top. How many eggs did he find? Write an equation and explain how you solved the problem.

- 2.
- a) Complete this section of a hundred chart:

	45	
54	55	

- b) What number is 10 less than the smallest number on the chart?
- c) What number is 10 more than the largest number on the chart?

Teacher Notes:

Beginning with task 5, the term "equation" will be used rather than "number sentence." Teachers may need to interchange the two terms during class discussion.

to interchange the two terms during class discussion.						
Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical					
Content	Practice					
	1. Make sense of problems and persevere in					
	solving them.					
	2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.					
1.NBT.C.5 Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10	3. Construct viable arguments and critique the					
more or 10 less than the number, without having to	reasoning of others.					
count; explain the reasoning used.	4. Model with mathematics.					
	5. Use appropriate tools strategically.					
	6. Attend to precision.					
	7. Look for and make use of structure.					
	8. Look for and express regularity in repeated					
	reasoning.					

Essential Understandings:

54

- Ten more than a number increases the tens digit by one.
- Ten less than a number decreases the tens digit by one.

55

56

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

• Mati	nematicai exp	olanations can	be given using wo	rds, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.				
Explore	Phase							
Possible	Solution Pat	:hs		Assessing and Advancing Questions				
write the that the	e equation 78 y only need t	3 + 10 = 88 egg o add the tens base ten mod	s in all. They then gs and explain s. el or drawing to	 Assessing Questions: Which numbers did you add to find the sum? Advancing Questions: How many tens and ones do you have? Could you model this with base ten blocks? Can you circle the part that represents how man eggs Jackson added to his basket? 				
2a) Stud	lents should o	complete char	t as follows:	Assessing Questions:How did you think about this problem?				
	44	45	46	• Which empty space did you fill first? Why?				
	Γ.4	ГГ	F.C	Advancing Questions				

Task 5 23

What is the relationship between the 45 and the 55 in the chart? How can you use that to fill in

the space above the 54?

	What is the relationship between the 54 and the 55 in the chart? How can you use that to fill in the space to the right of the 55?				
2b) Students should recognize that 10 less than the smallest number is 35.2c) Students should recognize that 10 more than the largest number is 66.	 Assessing Questions: How did you think about this problem? Advancing Questions: What is the smallest number on the chart? (largest?) What is the relationship between the 45 and the 55 in the chart? How can you use this to find the number 10 less than the smallest number in the chart? (or 10 more than the largest number in the chart?) 				
Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions				
Students do not have a clear understanding of the structure of the number system.	 How could you model this problem? Can you explain how the number 55 changes when you add 1? When you add 10? (subtract?) 				
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions				
If students can't get started	 What is the problem asking you to do? Can you think about a hundred chart to help you begin? Can you show me how many tens Jason found? Can you explain how the number 78 changes when you add 10? 				
If students finish early	 Can you use a different strategy to show Jason's total eggs? Would the ones place have changed if he added 14 eggs to the basket? What numbers would be in the chart if we added three more spaces above and below? What method could you write down to explain how to continue the pattern going down in any column? Can you explain how you know when a number is ten more or ten less? 				

Whole Group Questions

Ten more than a number increases the tens digit by one.

Ten less than a number decreases the tens digit by one.

- Why didn't the ones place change when adding Jason's new eggs to his basket?
- What do you notice about the patterns you see in the chart?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- What are some different strategies you used to solve this problem?

Task 5 24

Name										

Task 6: Valentine Cookies

Sofia is planning for her Valentine's Day Party. She and her friends need 60 cookies for the party. Only 3 friends come to help her bake. Each person will bake 10 cookies.

a) How many cookies will get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.

b) How many cookies will not get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.

Task 6 25

Tennessee Department of Education: Lesson Guide 6

Task 6: Valentine Cookies 1st Grade

Sofia is planning for her Valentine's Day Party. She and her friends need 60 cookies for the party. Only 3 friends come to help her bake. Each person will bake 10 cookies.

- a) How many cookies will get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.
- b) How many cookies will not get baked? Explain your answer and write an equation.

Teacher Notes:

During whole group discussion, teacher should highlight the relationship between subtraction and addition. Note that the standard in this task references explaining student reasoning. Teachers may need to prompt any students who struggle with explanations for equations and/or models during small group work as well as whole group discussion.

Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical						
Content	Practice						
	 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. 						
1.NBT.C.6 Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90	2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.						
from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or	3. Construct viable arguments and critique the						
zero differences), using concrete models or drawings	reasoning of others.						
and strategies based on place value, properties of	4. Model with mathematics.						
operations, and/or the relationship between addition	5. Use appropriate tools strategically.						
and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written	6. Attend to precision						
method and explain the reasoning used.	7. Look for and make use of structure.						
	8. Look for and express regularity in repeated						
	reasoning.						

Essential Understandings:

- When subtracting tens from a two-digit number, only the tens digit changes.
- Part-part-whole relationships can be expressed by using equations like a+b=c, c-b=a, where a and b are the parts and c is the whole.
- Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

Explore Phase							
Possible Solution Paths	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
	Assessing Questions:						
	Why did you choose to have 4 tens?						
a) Sofia and three friends each baked 10 cookies for	How did you know to add?						
a total of 40. Students write the equation	Advancing Questions:						
10+10+10+10=40.	 How many people were baking cookies? How 						
	many cookies were each of them baking?						
	 What math symbol is used to combine numbers? 						
	Assessing Questions:						
	 How did you know to subtract? 						
b) Students explain that they subtracted the number	Advancing Questions:						
of cookies that were baked from the number they	How many cookies were baked by Sofia and her						
needed for the party to see that 20 will not get	friends?						
baked. Students write the equation 60-40=20.	 How many cookies were needed? 						
	What math symbol is used to find the difference						
	between two numbers?						

Task 6 26

Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
	Who is having a Valentine's Day party?						
a) Students omit Sofia's cookies and solve using only	Can you underline the sentence that states who						
the three friends, which results in the equation	will bake cookies?						
10+10+10=30.	How many total people are baking cookies in the						
	problem?						
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
	What do you know about the problem?						
	What do the numbers represent?						
If students can't get started	How many cookies are needed for the party?						
ii students can t get started	How many cookies will each person bake?						
	 How many people are baking cookies? 						
	Can you use a model to solve this problem?						
	 How many people would you need to bake all 60 cookies? 						
If students finish early	 If Sofia and her three friends baked 20 cookies each, how many cookies will they have for the party? 						
Diama / Analysis							

Whole Group Questions

When subtracting tens from a two-digit number, only the tens digit changes.

- What do you notice about the ones place value in the problem and solution?
- What pattern do you use when you are making a number that is 10 less?

Part-part-whole relationships can be expressed by using equations like a+b=c, c-b=a, where a and b are the parts and c is the whole.

- Some of you used addition and some used subtraction to solve this task. How can that be?
- How can you check to see that your addition (subtraction) is correct?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of
 possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies
 used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- What are some different strategies you used to solve this problem?

Task 6 27

Name	

Task 7: Pencil Task

Hunter has 80¢ to spend on pencils. Each pencil costs 10¢.

a) If Hunter buys 1 pencil, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.

b) Write an equation to show how could you check your answer for part a).

c) If Hunter buys 5 more pencils, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.

d) Taylor wants to buy one of the 6 pencils Hunter just bought. If he sells it to her for 10¢, how much money will he have?

Task 7

Tennessee Department of Education: Lesson Guide 7

Task 7: Pencil Task 1st Grade

Hunter has 80¢ to spend on pencils. Each pencil costs 10¢.

- a) If Hunter buys 1 pencil, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.
- b) Write an equation to show how could you check your answer for part a).
- c) If Hunter buys 5 more pencils, how much money will he have left? Explain your answer.
- d) Taylor wants to buy one of the 6 pencils Hunter just bought. If he sells it to her for 10¢, how much money will he have?

Teacher Notes:

"Cents" denotes the tenths and hundredths place, but since all of the values in this task are less than one dollar, whole numbers (with the 'cent' symbol) are used rather than decimal places. During whole group discussion, the teacher should highlight the relationship between subtraction and addition. Note that both standards in this task reference student reasoning. After the previous six tasks students should have an understanding of what constitutes a valid explanation for their answer. Teachers may need to prompt any students who still struggle with explanations for equations and/or models during small group work.

Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical	Tennessee State Standards for Mathematical					
Content	Practice					
1.NBT.C.5 Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used. 1.NBT.C.6 Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Model with mathematics. Use appropriate tools strategically. Attend to precision. Look for and make use of structure. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. 					

Essential Understandings:

- Ten more than a number increases the tens digit by one.
- Ten less than a number decreases the tens digit by one.
- When subtracting tens from a two-digit number, only the tens digit changes.
- Part-part-whole relationships can be expressed by using equations like a+b=c, c-b=a, where a and b are the parts and c is the whole.
- Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

Explore Phase							
Possible Solution Paths	Assessing and Advancing Questions						
	Assessing Questions:						
a) Students should say Hunter will have 70¢ left.	 How did you know to subtract? 						
	How did you subtract?						
Students may reason that since one pencil is 10	 Can you explain why you wrote this equation? 						
cents, taking 10¢ away from 80¢ will leave 70¢.	Advancing Questions:						
	How much does each pencil cost?						
Students may show this as	 How many pencils does Hunter buy? 						
80-10=70.	 How much money does Hunter start with? 						
	Can you use a hundred chart to help you solve						
	this problem?						

Task 7 29

	Assessing Questions:							
	How did you know to use addition?							
b) Students write the equation 70+10=80.	Advancing Questions:							
·	Which operation is the inverse of subtraction?							
	• What operation did you use to solve part a)?							
c) Students may use drawings or words to indicate	Assessing Questions:							
that 5 more pencils will cost 50¢.	How did you know how much money Hunter							
	spent?							
One way this can be shown is	Can you explain how you found the amount of							
10+10+10+10=50.	money Hunter had left?							
	 What do the numbers in the problem represent? 							
Students should then indicate that there will be 20¢	Advancing Questions:							
leftover,	How much does each pencil cost?							
70 – 50 = 20.	How many pencils does Hunter buy?							
	How much money does Hunter have to start							
Alternately, students may combine the pencils	with?							
purchased in parts a) and c), saying that	Can you use a hundred chart to help you solve							
80-60=20.	this problem?							
00 00-20.	Assessing Questions:							
	How did you know to add?							
	How did you add?							
d) Students should note that Hunter had 20¢	Advancing Questions:							
remaining after buying 6 pencils in part b). They	How much does each pencil cost?							
should indicate that selling one pencil means that	How much money does Hunter have after buying							
20+10=30, so he will have 30¢.	6 pencils?							
	Can you use a hundred chart to help you solve							
	this problem?							
Possible Student Misconceptions	Assessing and Advancing Questions							
	Can you tell me what your answer represents?							
	How much does each pencil cost?							
b) Students refer to the number of pencils instead of	Does your answer make sense?							
the cost of 6 pencils, using the total of 6, not 60.	How many pencils did he buy?							
the cost of a perions, using the total of a, not oo.	What steps did you take to solve this problem?							
	Could you use a drawing to help you solve this							
	problem?							
Entry/Extensions	Assessing and Advancing Questions							
	What do the numbers represent in the problem?							
If students can't get started	How much does it cost Hunter to buy 1 pencil?							
5	If you draw pencils, what number would each							
	have on it?							
	How many dimes represent one dollar?							
	How many nickels does it take to make 80 cents?							
If students finish early	 How many more pencils can Hunter buy if he has \$1? 							
	Which is the most efficient way to count to 80?							

Task 7 30

Whole Group Questions

Ten more than a number increases the tens digit by one.

Ten less than a number decreases the tens digit by one.

- Why didn't the ones place change when subtracting the cost of the pencils?
- What do you notice about the patterns in the tens place?

When subtracting tens from a two-digit number, only the tens digit changes.

What do you notice about the ones place value in the problem and solution?

Part-part-whole relationships can be expressed by using equations like a+b=c, c-b=a, where a and b are the parts and c is the whole.

- What are some of the different ways to represent these solutions?
- How can you check to see that your subtraction is correct?
- · How are addition and subtraction related?

Mathematical explanations can be given using words, objects, pictures, numbers, or equations.

- Since one of the essential understandings of this task (and arc) pertains to the variety and richness of
 possible mathematical explanations, the whole group discussion should highlight different strategies
 used to solve the problem and to explain reasoning.
- What are some different strategies you used to solve this problem?

Task 7 31